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Algorithmen und Datenstrukturen

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Bäume



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Binary Tree in Java (1)

```
class BinaryTree {  
    class Node {  
        static Node empty = new Node(null) {  
            boolean isEmpty() {return true;}  
        };  
        Object info;  
        Node left, right;  
        Node(Object x) {info = x; left = empty; right = empty;}  
        boolean isEmpty() {return false;}  
        ...  
    }  
    Node root;  
    BinaryTree() {root = empty;}  
    boolean isEmpty() {return root.isEmpty();}  
    ...  
}
```



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Binary Tree in Java (2) Anzahl der Knoten

```
int count() {  
    if (isEmpty()) return 0;  
    else return 1+left.count()+right.count();  
}
```



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Binary Tree in Java (3) Maximale Höhe

```
int height() {  
    if (isEmpty()) return 0;  
    else return 1+Math.max(left.height(),right.height());  
}
```



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Preorder Traversieren (rekursiv)

```
preOrder() {  
    if (!isEmpty()) {  
        visit(info);  
        left.preOrder();  
        right.preOrder();  
    }  
}
```



Postorder Traversieren (rekursiv)

```
postOrder() {  
    if (!isEmpty()) {  
        left.postOrder();  
        right.postOrder();  
        visit(info);  
    }  
}
```



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Inorder Traversieren (rekursiv)

```
inOrder() {  
    if (!isEmpty()) {  
        left.inOrder();  
        visit(info);  
        right.inOrder();  
    }  
}
```



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Preorder Traversieren (iterativ)

```
preOrder() {  
    if (isEmpty()) return;  
    Stack stack = new Stack();  
    stack.push(root);  
    do {  
        Node t = (Node) stack.pop();  
        visit(t.info);  
        if (!t.right.isEmpty())  
            stack.push(t.right);  
        if (!t.left.isEmpty())  
            stack.push(t.left);  
    } while (!stack.isEmpty());  
}
```




Levelorder Traversieren (iterativ)

```
levelOrder() {  
    if (isEmpty()) return;  
    Queue queue = new Queue();  
    queue.put(root);  
    do {  
        Node t = (Node) queue.get();  
        visit(t.info);  
        if (!t.left.isEmpty())  
            queue.put(t.left);  
        if (!t.right.isEmpty())  
            queue.put(t.right);  
    } while (!queue.isEmpty());  
}
```



Binäres Suchen in einem Sortierbaum

```
Object search(Comparable x) {  
    if (isEmpty())  
        return null; // x not found  
    if (x.compareTo(info)<0)  
        return left.search(x);  
    if (x.compareTo(info)>0)  
        return right.search(x);  
    else  
        return info; // x found  
}
```



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Einfügen in einen Sortierbaum

```
Node insert(Comparable x) {  
    if (isEmpty())  
        return new Node(x);  
    if (x.compareTo(info)<0)  
        left = left.insert(x);  
    else  
        right = right.insert(x);  
    return this;  
}
```



Entfernen aus einem Sortierbaum

```
Node remove(Comparable x) {  
    if (isEmpty()) return this;  
    if (x.compareTo(info)<0)  
        left = left.remove(x);  
    else if (x.compareTo(info)>0)  
        right = right.remove(x);  
    else if (left.isEmpty()) return right;  
    else if (right.isEmpty()) return left;  
    else {  
        Node t = right;  
        while (!t.left.isEmpty()) t = t.left;  
        info = t.info;  
        right = right.remove((Comparable)info);  
    }  
    return this;  
}
```