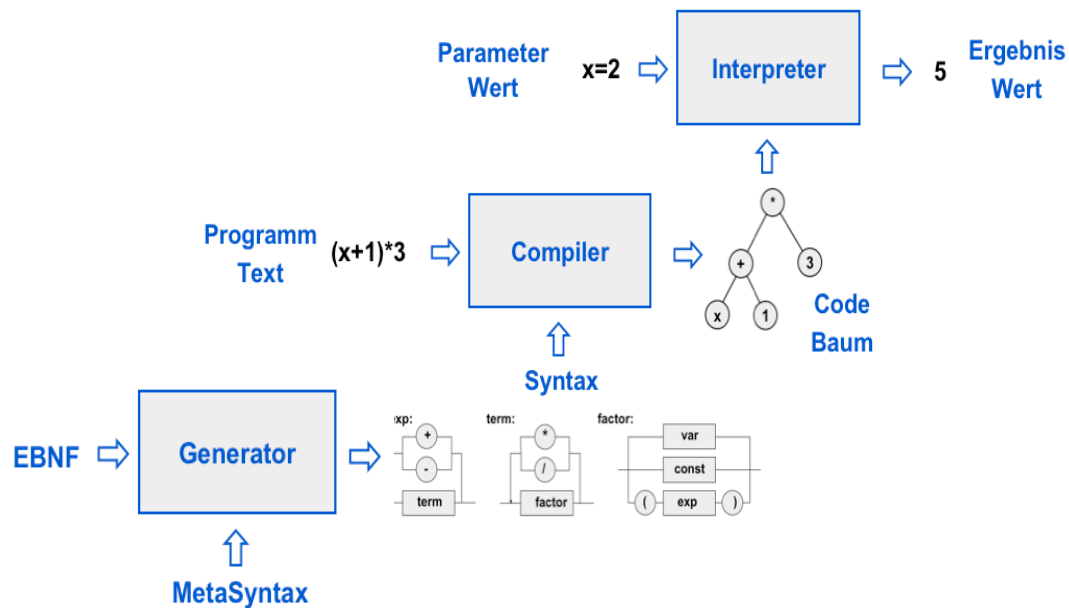




Helmut Schauer
Educational Engineering Lab
Department for Information Technology
University of Zurich



Syntaxanalyse





Helmut Schauer
Educational Engineering Lab
Department for Information Technology
University of Zurich



Beispiel:

Syntax für arithmetische Ausdrücke in Erweiterter Backus-Naur Form (EBNF)

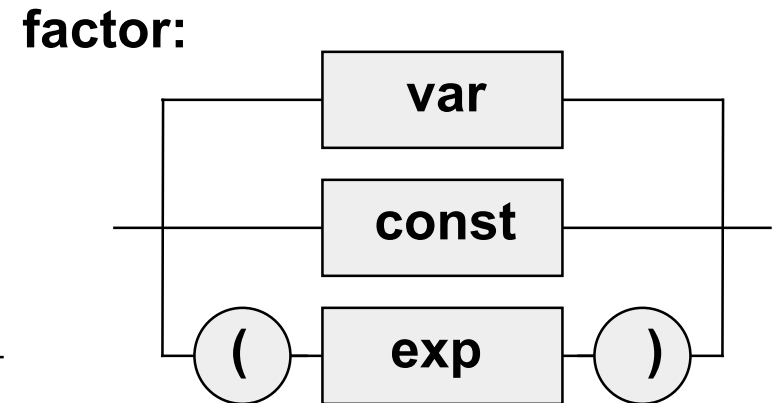
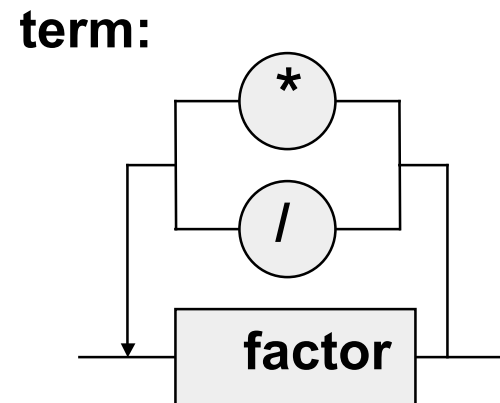
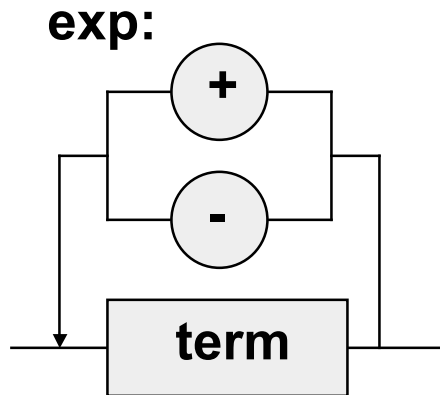
exp = term { ("+"|"-") term }.

term = factor { ("*"|"/") factor }.

factor = var | const | ("(" exp ")").

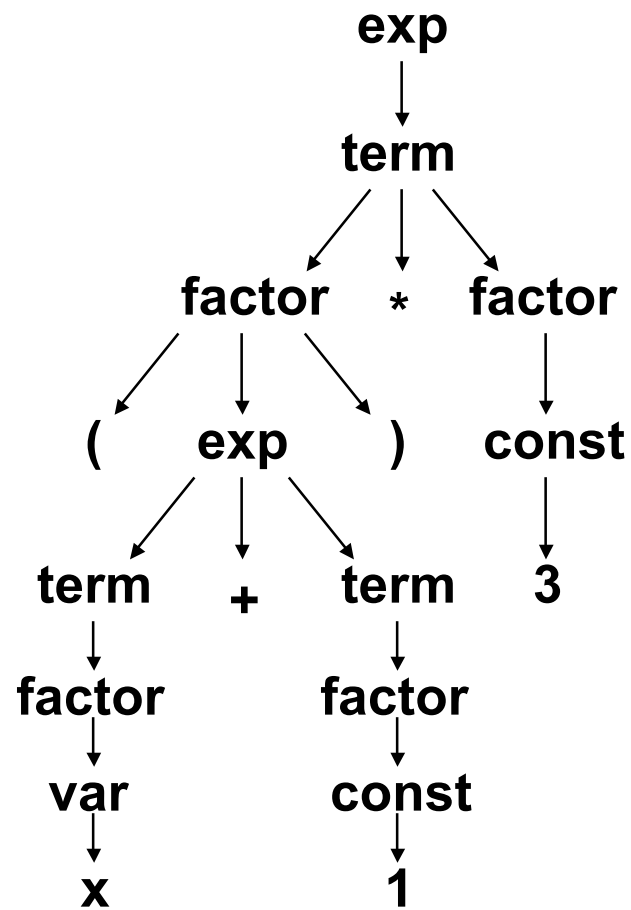


Beispiel: Syntaxdiagramme für arithmetische Ausdrücke

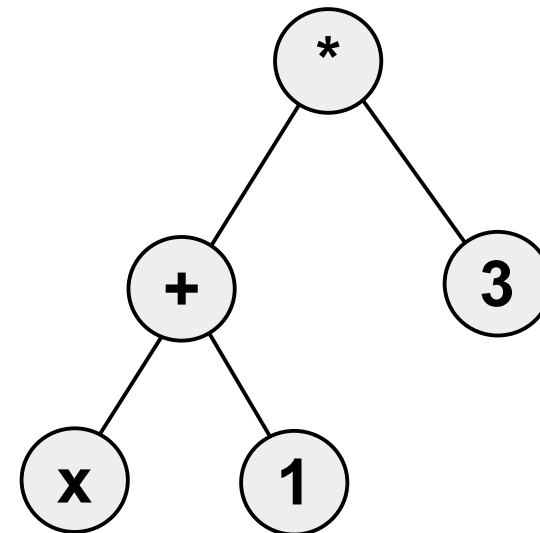




Beispiel: $(x+1)*3$



Parsebaum



Codebaum



Helmut Schauer
Educational Engineering Lab
Department for Information Technology
University of Zurich



Beispiel: Syntax für Lexical Scan

var = letter { letter | digit }.

const = digit { digit }.

letter = "a"|"b"| ...|"z".

digit = "0"|"1"| ...|"9".



Helmut Schauer
Educational Engineering Lab
Department for Information Technology
University of Zurich



Beispiel: Lexical Scan

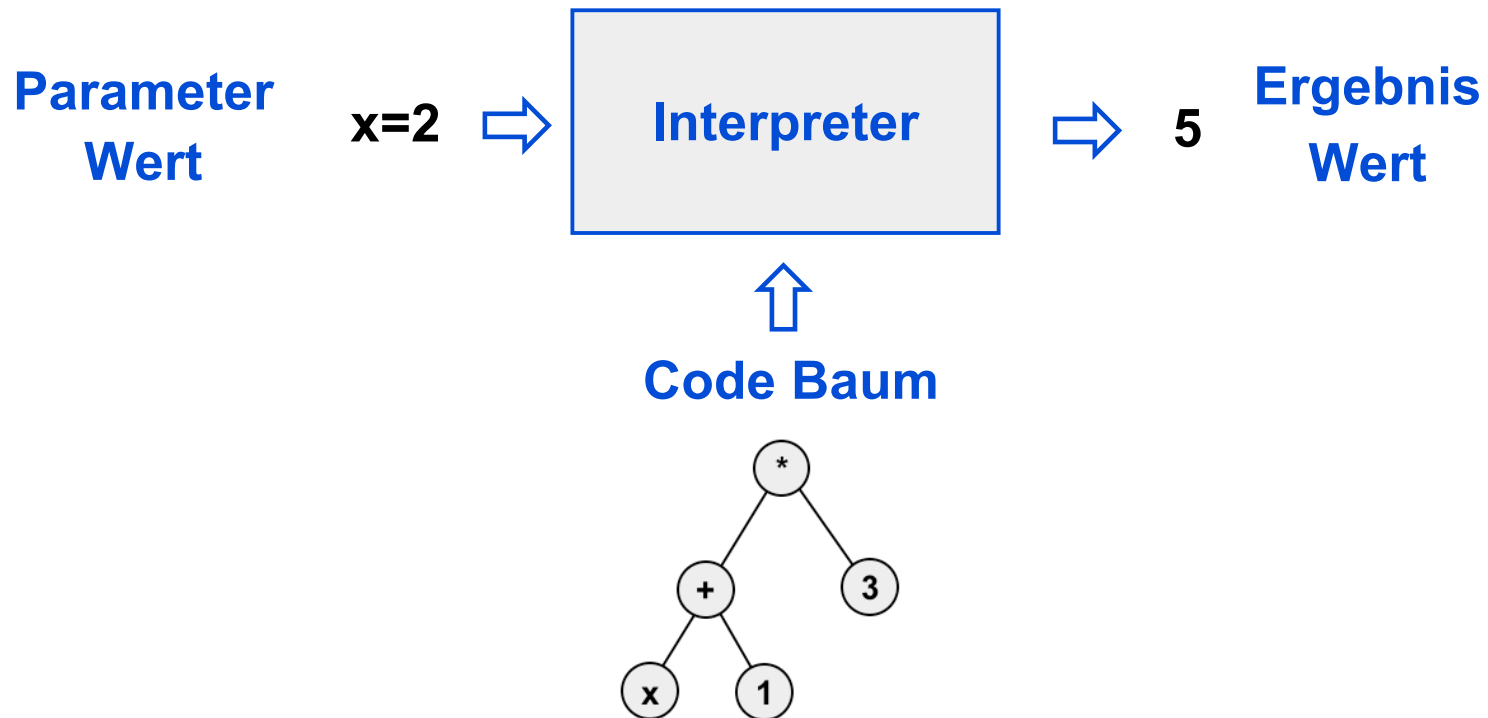
```
public class LexicalScanner extends StringTokenizer {  
    public LexicalScanner(String string) {  
        super(string.trim(),"+*/^=?()' \n",true);  
    }  
    public String nextToken() { // return words, numbers, operators,  
                                // brackets or empty string  
  
        String token;  
        do {  
            if (hasMoreElements()) token = super.nextToken().trim();  
            else return ""; //return empty string for end of text  
        }  
        while (token.equals("")||token.equals("\n")); // skip spaces and \n  
        return token;  
    }  
}
```



Helmut Schauer
Educational Engineering Lab
Department for Information Technology
University of Zurich



Interpreter

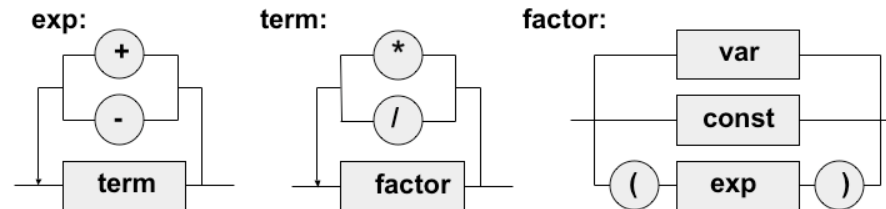
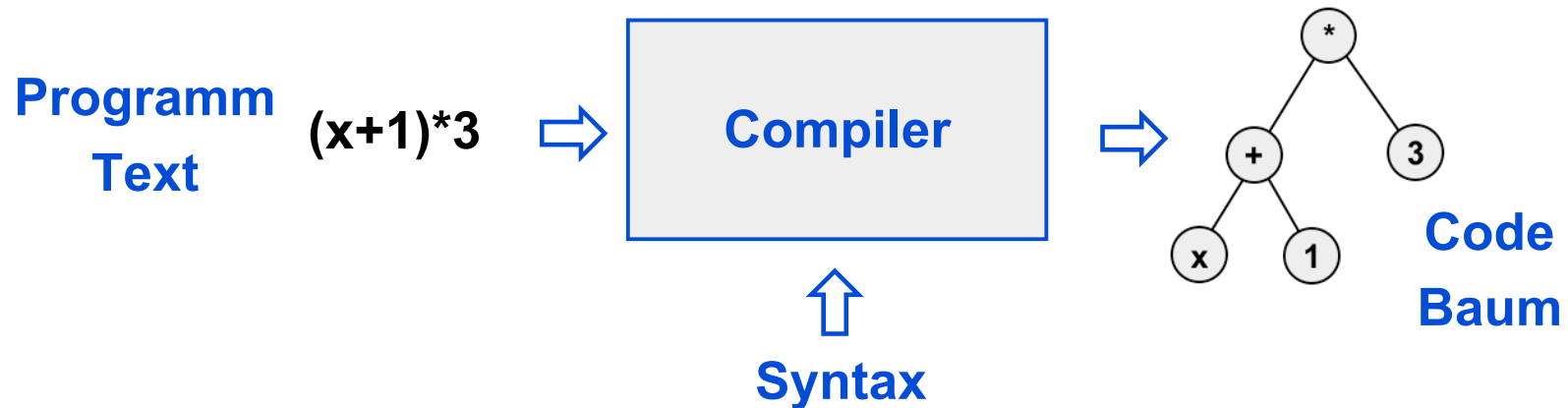




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Educational Engineering Lab
Department for Information Technology
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Compiler

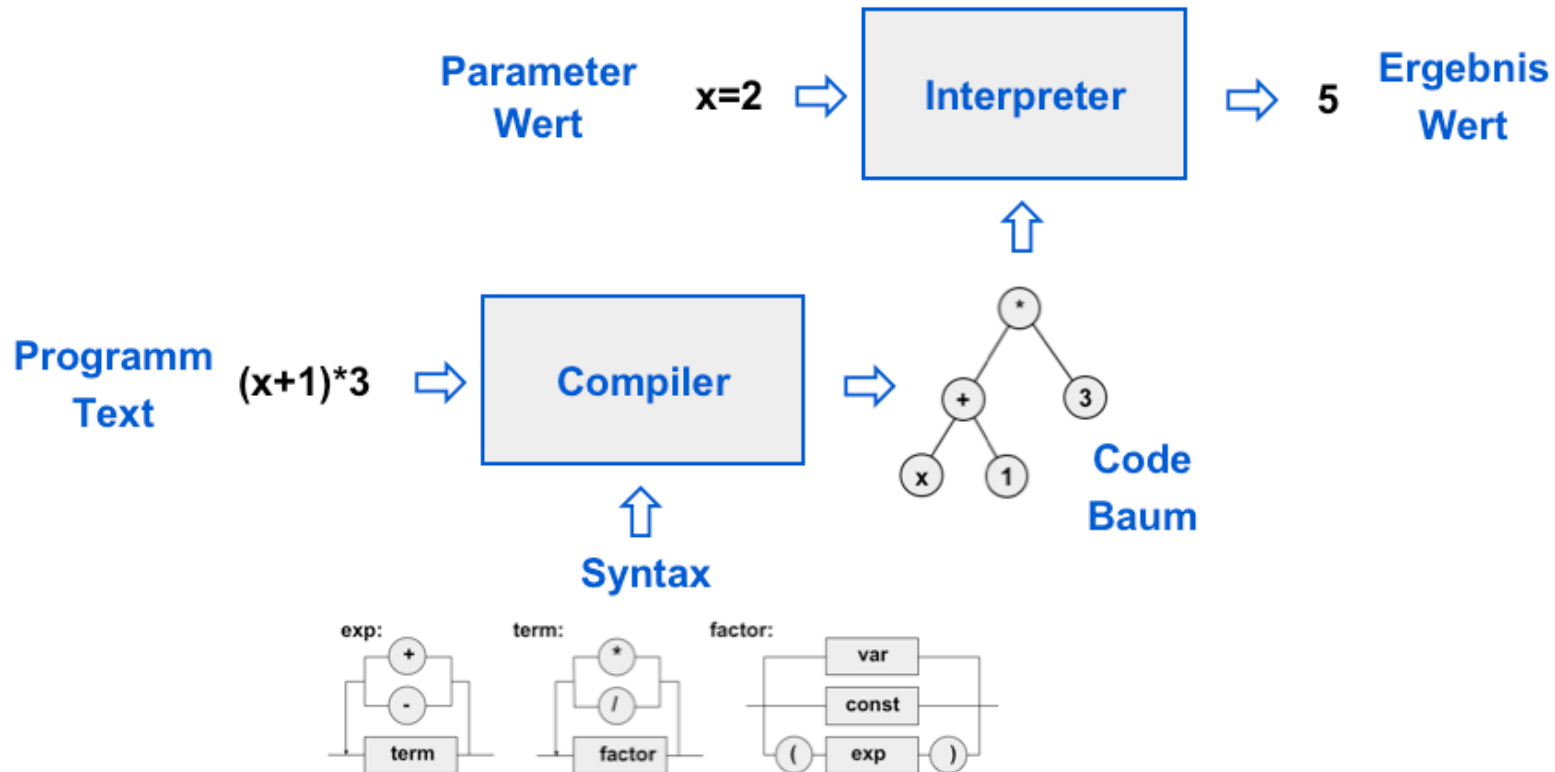




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Educational Engineering Lab
Department for Information Technology
University of Zurich



Compiler und Interpreter





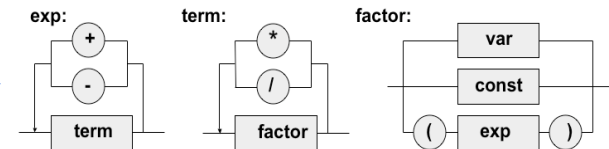
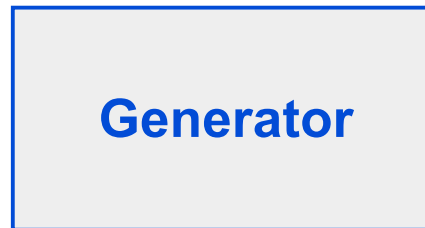
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Educational Engineering Lab
Department for Information Technology
University of Zurich



Generator

```
exp = term {"+"|"-" } term}.  
term = factor {"*"|"/" } factor}.  
factor = var | const | ("(" exp ")").
```

EBNF



Syntax



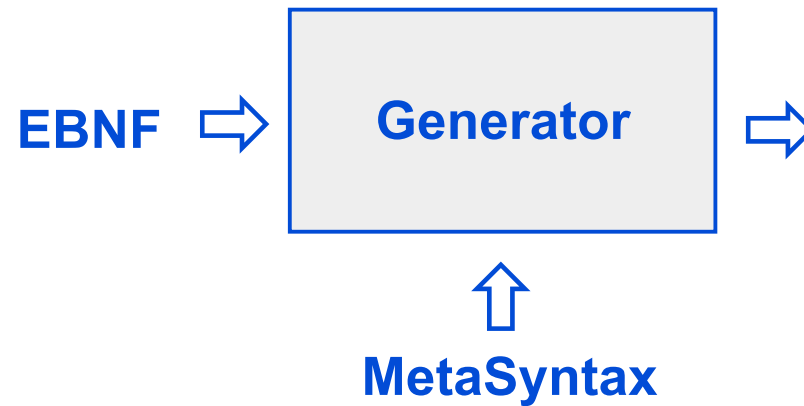
MetaSyntax



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Educational Engineering Lab
Department for Information Technology
University of Zurich



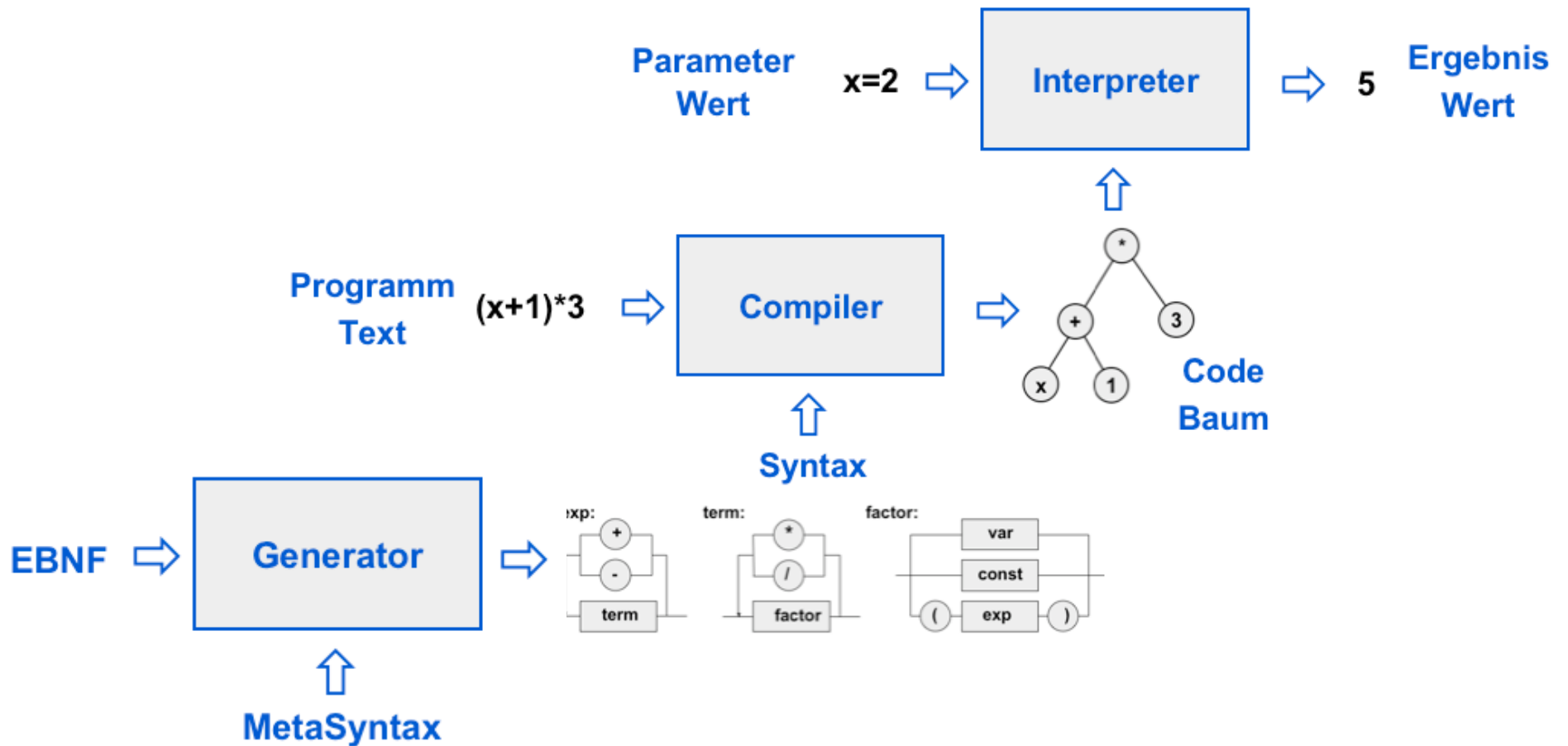
Generator





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Generator, Compiler und Interpreter



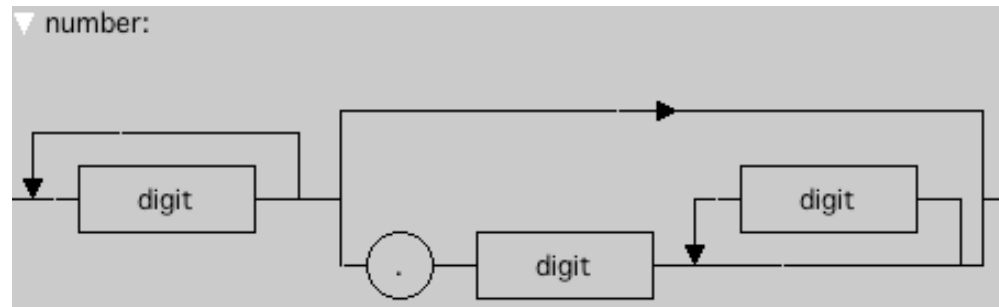


Automaten (1)

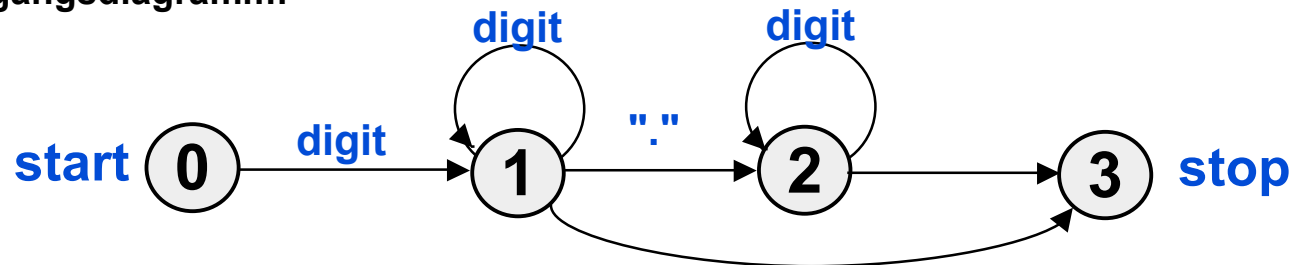
Beispiel: Berechnung des Wertes einer Dezimalzahl mittels eines Automaten

EBNF: $\text{number} = \text{digit} \{ \text{digit} \} [\text{"."} \{ \text{digit} \}]$

Syntaxdiagramm:



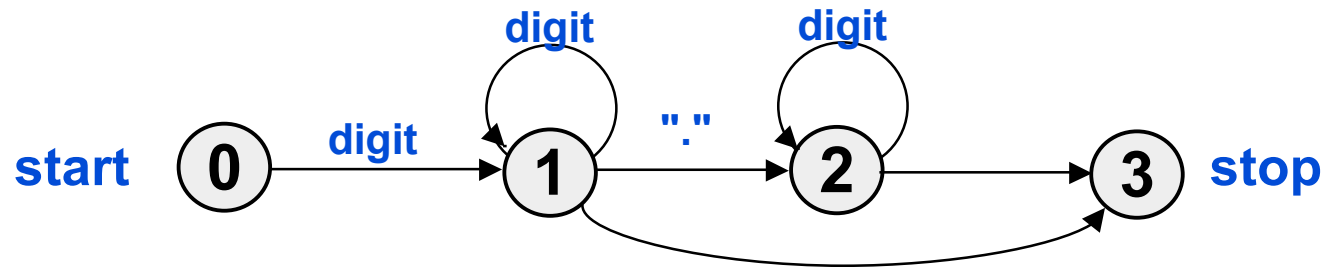
Übergangsdigramm:





Automaten (2)

Übergangsdigramm:



Zustandstabelle s:

	digit	"."	else
0	1	error	error
1	1	2	3
2	2	error	3

Aktionstabelle a:

	digit	"."	else
0	1	5	5
1	2	0	4
2	3	5	4



Automaten (3)

```
void action(int i) throws Exception {  
    switch (i) {  
        case 1: w = digit; n = 1; break;  
        case 2: w = 10*w+digit; break;  
        case 3: w = 10*w+digit; n = 10*n; break;  
        case 4: result = w/n; break;  
        case 5: throw new Exception("bad number");  
    }  
}
```



Helmut Schauer
Educational Engineering Lab
Department for Information Technology
University of Zurich



Automaten (4)

```
final int start = 0;  
final int stop = 3;  
final int error = 4;  
int state = start;  
int symbol;  
do {  
    symbol = nextSymbol();  
    action(a[state][symbol]);  
    state = s[state][symbol];  
} while (state < stop);  
action(a[state][symbol]);
```




Shift-Reduce Syntaxanalyse (1)

Operator-Precedence:

	var	+	*	empty
var		•>	•>	•>
+	<•	•>	<•	•>
*	<•	•>	•>	•>
empty	<•	<•	<•	

Precedence-Funktionen:

	f	g
var	4	5
+	2	1
*	4	3
empty	0	0

$$x <• y \Leftrightarrow f(x) < g(y)$$

$$x •> y \Leftrightarrow f(x) > g(y)$$



Shift-Reduce Syntaxanalyse (2)

```
final String empty = "";  
LexicalScanner lexer = new LexicalScanner(text);  
String token = lexer.nextToken();  
Stack s = new Stack();  
s.push(empty);  
while (!(s.top().equals(empty)&token.equals(empty))) {  
    if (f(s.top())<=g(token)) { // shift  
        s.push(token);  
        token = lexer.nextToken();  
    } else { // reduce  
        do {op = s.pop(); action(op);}  
        while (f(s.top())<=g(token));  
    }  
}
```

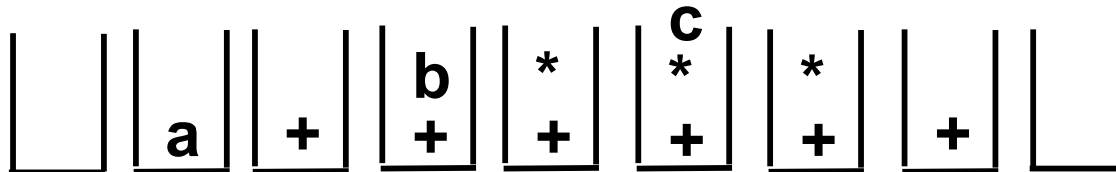


Helmut Schauer
Educational Engineering Lab
Department for Information Technology
University of Zurich



Shift-Reduce Syntaxanalyse (3)

Beispiel: text = "a+b*c"





Helmut Schauer
Educational Engineering Lab
Department for Information Technology
University of Zurich



InfixAnalyzer (1)

```
class InfixAnalyzer { // recursive descent syntax analysis:
  public Operand exp() throws Warning {
    Operand op = term();
    while (true) {
      if (nextTokenEquals("-")) op = Operand.genDiff(op,term());
      else if (nextTokenEquals("+")) op = Operand.genSum(op,term());
      else break;
    }
    return op;
  }
}
```



Helmut Schauer
Educational Engineering Lab
Department for Information Technology
University of Zurich



InfixAnalyzer (2)

```
public Operand term() throws Warning {  
    Operand op = factor();  
    while (true) {  
        if (nextTokenEquals("/") op = Operand.genQuot(op,factor());  
        else if (nextTokenEquals("*") op = Operand.genProd(op,factor());  
        else break;  
    }  
    return op;  
}
```



Helmut Schauer
Educational Engineering Lab
Department for Information Technology
University of Zurich



InfixAnalyzer (3)

```
public Operand factor() throws Warning {
    Operand op = Operand.UNDEF;
    if (token.equals("")) throw new Warning("factor is missing!");
    if (isNumber()) { // factor = constant
        try {op = Operand.genConst(Integer.parseInt(token));}
        catch(NumberFormatException e) {
            throw new Warning(token+" is not a number!");
        }
        token = lexer.nextToken();
    } else if (isVariable()) { // factor = variable
        op = Operand.genVar(token);
        token = lexer.nextToken();
    } else if (nextTokenEquals("(")) { // factor = ( exp )
        op = exp();
        if (!nextTokenEquals(")") throw new Warning(") is missing!");
    } else throw new Warning("factor is missing!");
    return op;
}
}
```